

# Suitability of the equations by Harris-Benedict and Müller, Scalfi and Schebendach for estimating resting energy expenditure in moderately to severely underweight women

## Rationale

In underweight women conventional equations for estimating resting energy expenditure (REE), such as Harris-Benedict or Müller, are commonly used in clinical practice. Yet, it is unclear if these equations provide reliable results or if special equations should be used.

## Objectives

Comparison between the measured and estimated REE according to Scalfi [1], Schebendach [2], Harris-Benedict [3] and Müller 2004 [4].

## Methods

REE was measured in 57 underweight women ( $28 \pm 10$  years, BMI  $15.2 \pm 2.2$  kg/m<sup>2</sup>) by indirect calorimetry (IC) (Cosmed, Quark RMR, Rome, Italy) under standardized conditions. Overall, 49 women (86%) were diagnosed with anorexia nervosa, the remaining 8 women were healthy. REE-IC was compared with the equations of Harris Benedict and Müller 2004 (both for the general population), Scalfi (18-30-year-old women with anorexia nervosa) and Schebendach (modified Harris-Benedict formula for anorexia nervosa).

Tab. 1: Subject Characteristics

	< 14 kg/m <sup>2</sup> (n=16)	14.0-16.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup> (n=21)	16.5-18.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup> (n=20)
Age (years)	28.4 ± 8.7	26.4 ± 9.7	28.6 ± 10.9
BW (kg)	34.5 ± 3.9	41.4 ± 4.1	50.2 ± 4.9
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	12.5 ± 1.1	15.0 ± 0.7	17.5 ± 0.6

BW = body weight



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## Results

Tab. 2: Comparison between measured (IC-REE) and estimated resting energy expenditure (REE)

BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	REE-IC (kcal/d)	Scalfi (kcal/d)	Schebendach (kcal/d)	Harris-Benedict (kcal/d)	Müller 2004 (kcal/d)
< 14.0 (n=16)	900 ± 210	794 ± 90*	695 ± 126**	1158 ± 69***	614 ± 88***
14.0-16.4 (n=21)	980 ± 146	951 ± 94	837 ± 133**	1235 ± 72***	743 ± 90***
16.5-18.4 (n=20)	1155 ± 142	1154 ± 113	983 ± 120***	1314 ± 65***	905 ± 137***

paired t- test versus REE-IC, \*p< 0.001, \*\*p< 0.01, \*\*\*p< 0.05

## Deviation of equations from measured resting energy expenditure (IC-REE)

Fig. 1: Harris-Benedict

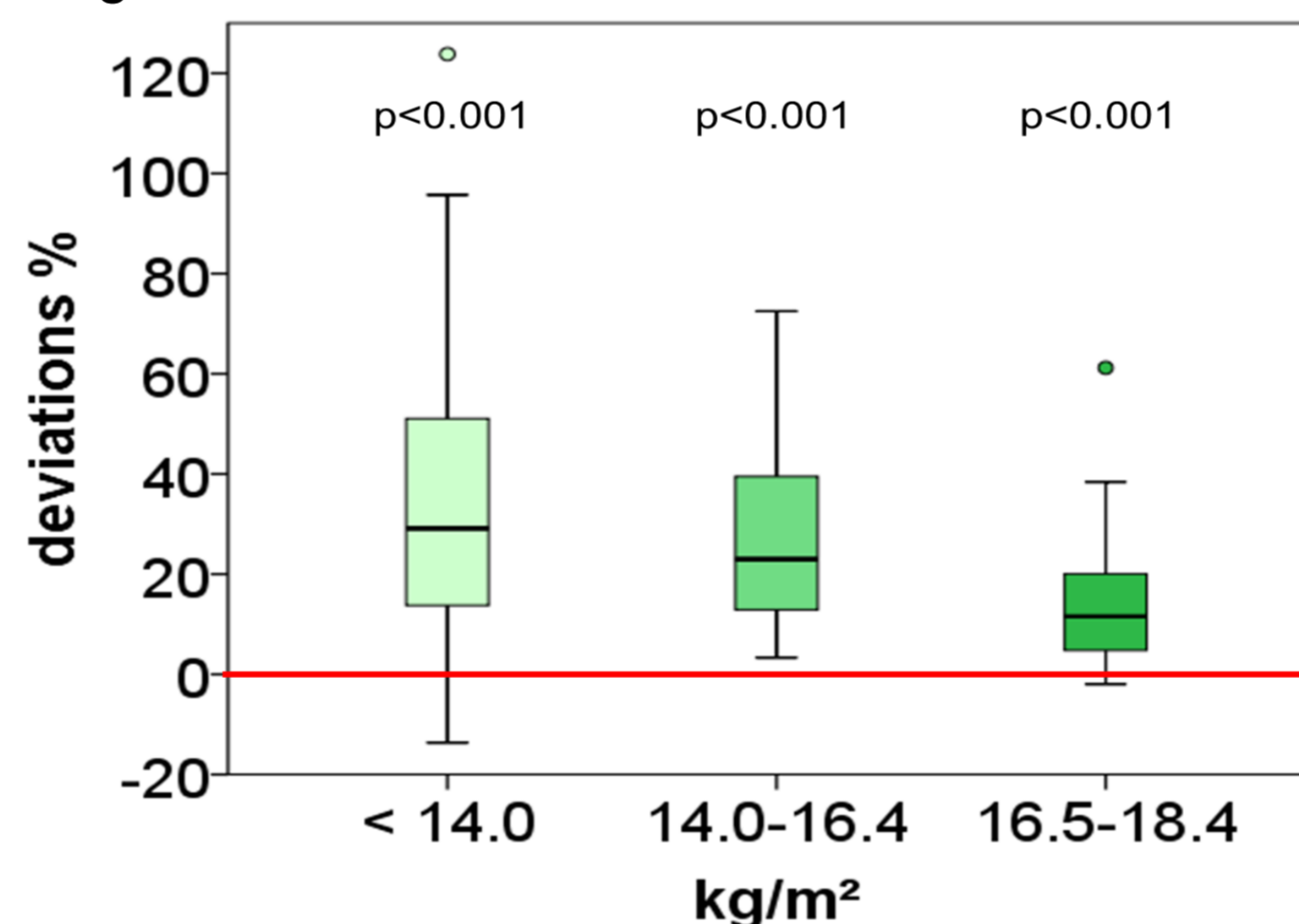


Fig. 2: Müller 2004

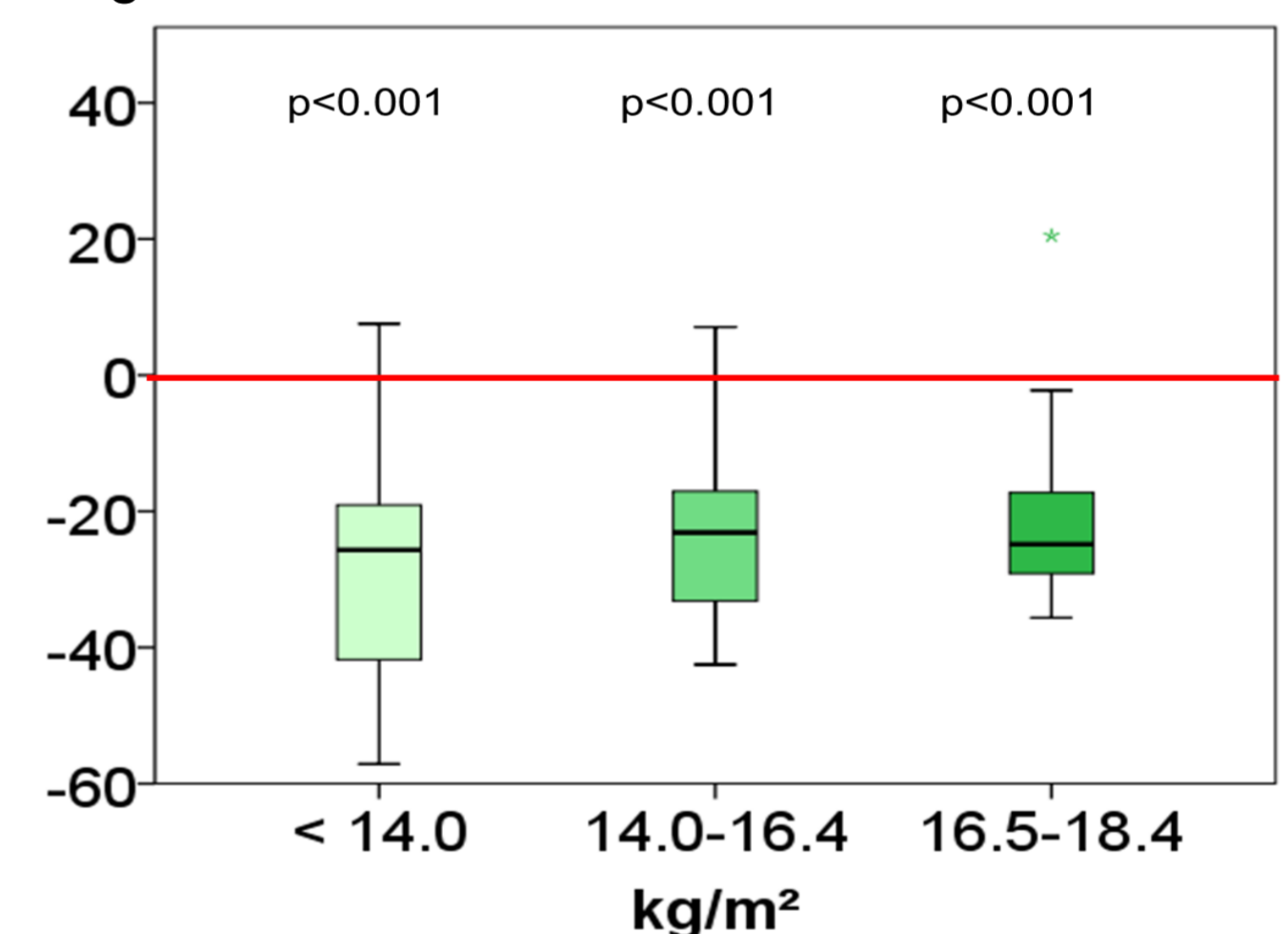


Fig. 3: Schebendach

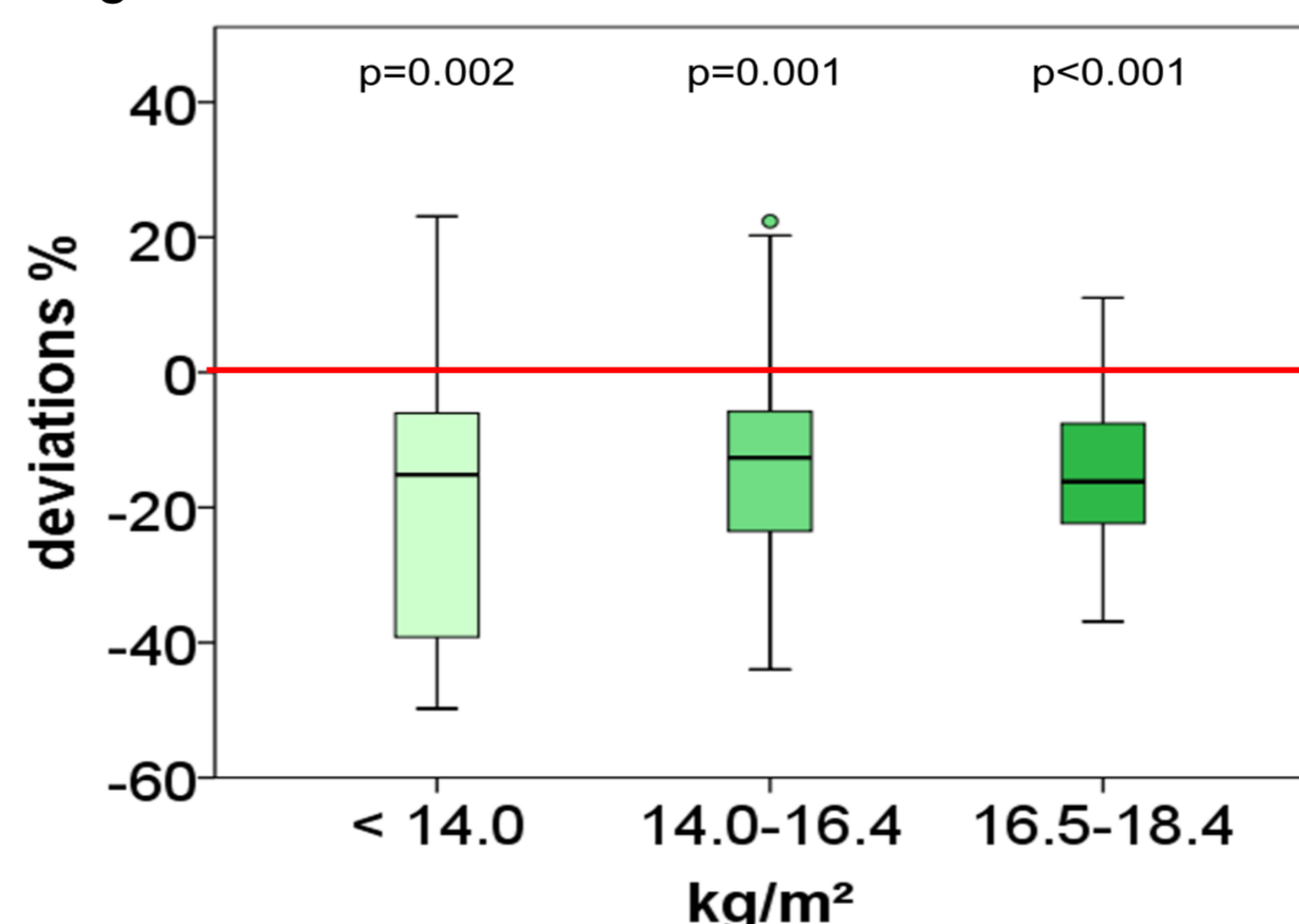
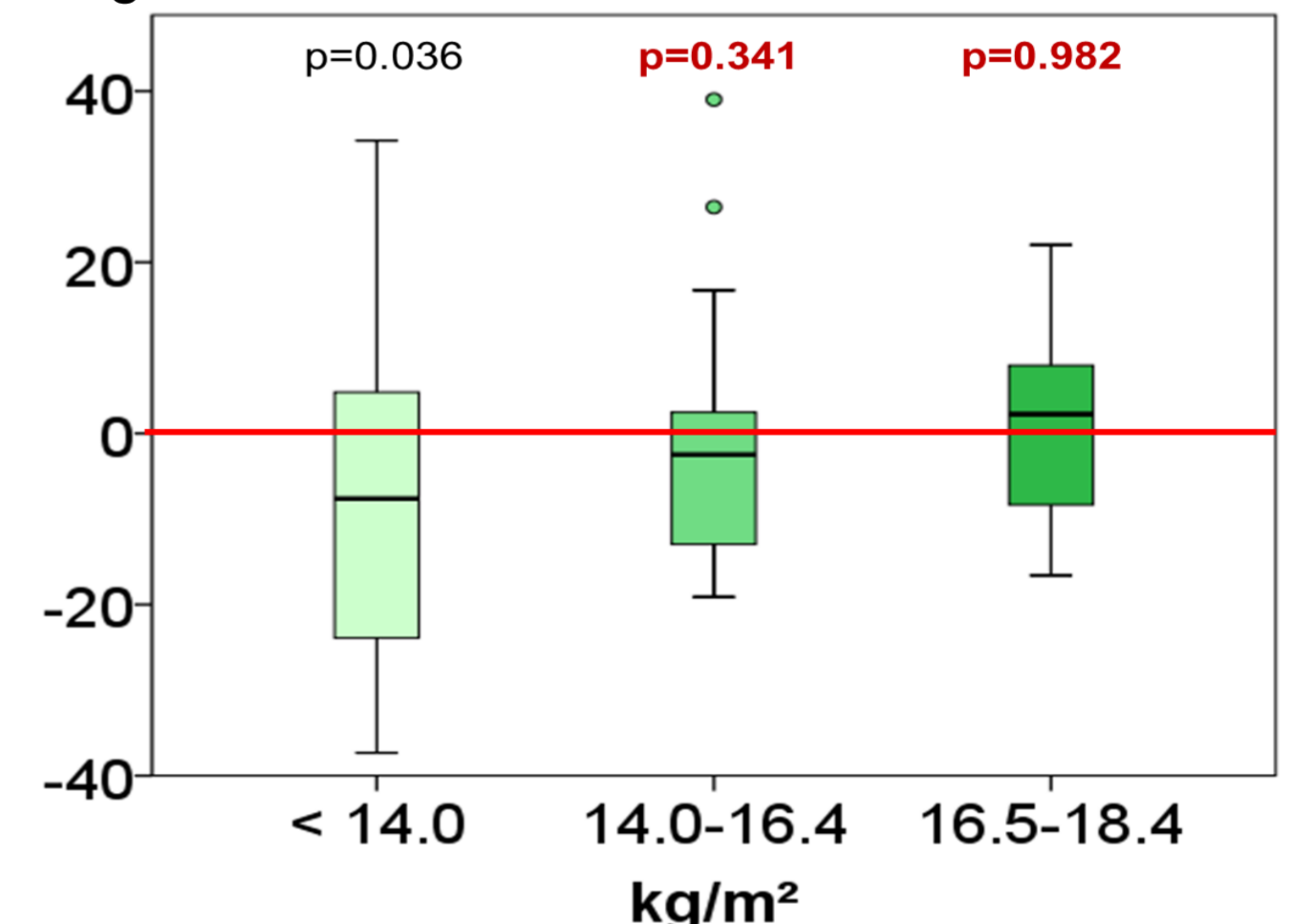


Fig. 4: Scalfi



## Conclusion

Universal equations for estimating REE (Harris-Benedict, Müller) are unreliable for underweight women, even in moderate underweight. Only the simple equation of Scalfi (REE= 96.3 x body weight) seems suitable for underweight women, at least for BMIs equal or higher than 14 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

## References

- [1] Scalfi L, et al. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord 2001, 25(3)
- [2] Schebendach J, et al. Int J Eat Disord 1995, 17(1)
- [3] Harris JA, Benedict FG. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1918
- [4] Müller MJ, et al. Am J Clin Nutr. 2004, 80(5)